

## Claims

We claim:

1. A method comprising the steps of:  
5 transmitting data on a data channel;  
during the step of transmitting, tracking a number of collisions on the data channel; and  
when the number of collisions reaches a threshold value, transmitting a reassignment request to move to a new data channel.  
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2. The method of claim 1 wherein the reassignment request is transmitted to a central processor.
3. The method of claim 1 wherein the reassignment request is transmitted on  
15 a control channel.
4. The method of claim 1 and further comprising the step of transmitting any remaining data on the new data channel upon receipt of a reassignment grant.
- 20 5. The method of claim 1 wherein the threshold value is known *a priori*.
6. The method of claim 1 wherein the threshold value is user configurable.
7. A method comprising the steps of:  
25 receiving a reassignment request from a subscriber to move from a first data channel; and  
upon receipt of the reassignment request, assuming that the first data channel is loaded.

8. The method of claim 7 and further comprising the steps of:  
comparing an incoming data rate to a value, wherein the incoming data rate is measured by the central processor at the time the subscriber requested reassignment; and
- 5 if the incoming data rate is significantly lower than the value, determining that the first data channel is not loaded.
9. The method of claim 8 wherein the value is predetermined.
- 10 10. The method of claim 8 wherein the value is an average of previously received incoming data rates at which other subscribers have requested reassignment from the first channel.
11. The method of claim 10 and further comprising the step of, if the incoming data rate is significantly lower than the value, disregarding the incoming data rate at which the reassignment request was received.
- 15 12. The method of claim 7 and further comprising the steps of:  
comparing an incoming data rate to a value, wherein the incoming data rate is measured by the central processor at the time the subscriber requested reassignment; and
- 20 if the incoming data rate is not significantly lower than the value, determining that the first data channel is loaded.
- 25 13. The method of claim 12 wherein the value is predetermined.
14. The method of claim 12 wherein the value is an average of previously received incoming data rates at which other subscribers have requested reassignment from the first channel.
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15. The method of claim 7 and further comprising the step of reassigning the subscriber to a new data channel.
16. The method of claim 15 wherein the new data channel is determined not to  
5 be loaded.
17. The method of claim 7 further comprising the step of reassigning the subscriber to the first data channel.
- 10 18. The method of claim 7 and further comprising the step of sending a busy signal to the subscriber when all data channels are determined to be loaded.